

I Like Shopping

21, 22 Start Up

恵子が趣味のショッピングについて話しています。英語を聞いて, 質問に答えましょう。

Listen and answer the question.



What does Keiko want to get from her mother by shopping with her? -She wants to get a good (fashion) (sense).



Study Point 1 助動詞のまとめ

- 1. 母がいっしょに買い物に来ると、 私はアドバイスをもらえます。
- 2. 買い物に行くときはお金をいく らか余分に持って行きなさい。
- 1. When my mother comes shopping with me, I can get her advice.
- 2. You should take some extra money when you go shopping.
- can(能力,可能性),may(許可,推量),must(命令,義務),should(助言,勧告)などがあります。

Check 1

空所に入る適切なものを下の語群から選んで補いましょう。 Choose the correct words and fill in each blank.

- 1. When she comes shopping with me, I () her advice, can get
-) a shopping bag with you. should bring 2. You (
-) in a long line for the sale. must wait 3. We ([should bring, must wait, can get]



助動詞+have+過去分詞 Study Point 2

- 1. 彼女が若かったとき、買い物に 失敗したにちがいありません。
- 2 プレゼントを買う前に私は父に アドバイスを求めるべきだった。
- 1. She must have done a bad job at shopping when she was young.
- 2. I should have asked my father's advice about the present before I bought it.
- ≪may [cannot, must]+have+過去分詞≫で過去のことがらに対する推量を表し, ≪should(not)+ have+過去分詞≫は過去のことがらに対する非難や後悔の気持ちを表します。

Check 2

)内から適語を選びましょう。 Choose the correct word.

- 1. He (must) should) have done a bad job at shopping when he was young.
- 2. I (cannot, should) have asked her advice on the T-shirt the other day.



EXERCISES

日本語に合うように、空所に適語を補いましょう。 Fill in each blank with the appropriate word.

- 1. 新しいパソコンを予約するために頭金を払わなければいけません。 You (must) pay a deposit to reserve the new PC.
- 2. カタログにあるこの電子本を注文できますか。 (Can) I order this e-book in the catalogue?
- 3. これらの服を買ってむだ遣いをすべきでなかったのに。 I (should) (not) (have) wasted money on these clothes.
- 4. 彼女は、あのリュックサックをこの店で買ったにちがいありません。 She (must) (have) bought the backpack at this shop.
- 5. 私たちはこれよりいいテレビを買えなかったかもしれません。 We (may) (not) (have) been able to buy a better TV than this.



日本語の意味になるように、()内の語句を並べかえましょう。 Rearrange the words in the appropriate order.

- 1. あなたが昨日買った新しい携帯電話を見せてもらっていいですか。
 Can I see the new cell phone (the new cell phone / see / can / I) that you bought yesterday?
- 2. ええ。多機能なのであなたもほしくなるかもしれません。
 You may want one Sure. (may / one / want / you) yourself since it has many functions.
- 3. これはとても高かったにちがいありません。 This (been / expensive / have / must / very), must have been very expensive
- 4. いいえ。昨日開店セールが始まりました。ほしいなら今日買いに行くべきですよ。 No, they started an opening day sale vesterday. If you want one, (go / you / should / today), you should go today
- 5. こんなときのために貯金をしておくべきでした。
 - I (have / money / saved / should) for something like this. should have saved money



Try It!

あなたが買い物をするときに心がけていることについて発表しましょう。 Talk about what you keep in mind when you go shopping.

|例 | I always keep two points in mind when shopping for clothes. Before I go, I get information on the clothes which are in fashion through the Internet or from magazines. Otherwise, I may buy clothes that are out of style even though they may be cheap. The other point is that I only buy clothes that I really want. Then I won't feel that I shouldn't have bought something.